15TH SESSION OF THE PACIFIC ISLANDS CLIMATE OUTLOOK & STAKEHOLDER FORUM

PIGOF-15

14 - 15 OCTOBER, 2024

HYBRID

IN-PERSON: NUKU'ALOFA, TONGA

ONLINE: ZOOM



























MICRONESIA CLIMATE IMPACTS

PALAU

CHUUK

KIRIBATI

MARSHALL NAURU

PONHPEI

























PALAU'S CLIMATE IMPACTS APRIL TO OCTOBER 2024

Kikuko Mochimaru

Staff Meteorologist, National Climate Officer and National Data Officer Palau National Weather Service Office

























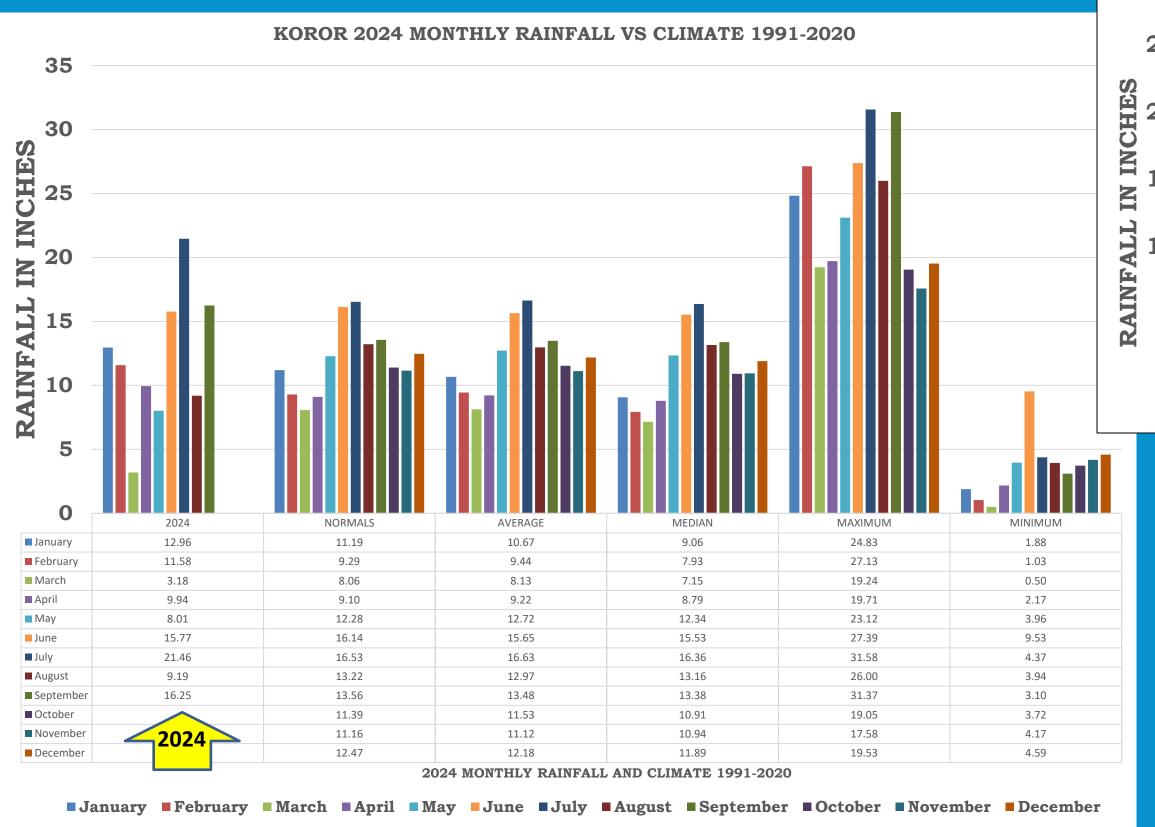
APRIL 9.94in(412.8mm) Above Median	MAY 8.01in.(203.5mm) Below Median	JUNE 15.77in.(400.6mm) Above Median	JULY 21.46in.(545.1mm) Above Median	AUGUST 9.19in.(233.4mm) Below Median	SEPTEMBER 16.25in.(412.8mm) Above Median
EL NINO ROP WATER SHORTAGE WATCH STILL IN EFFECT (SINCE MAR 26, 2024)	EL NINO ROP SHORTAGE WATCH CANCELLATION (14 TH)	FINAL EL NINO ADVISORY (NOAA CPC, JUNE 13 TH) ENSO NEUTRAL LA NINA WATCH	ENSO NEUTRAL LA NINA WATCH	ENSO NEUTRAL LA NINA WATCH	ENSO NEUTRAL LA NINA WATCH
CONTINUATION OF A DRY TREND DUE TO EL NINO	WEAKER AND HOTTER TRADE WINDS	WEAK AND HOTTER TRADES	MOSTLY LIGHT TO MODERATE WESTERLIES	FAIR WEATHER, LIGHT AND VARIABLE TRADE WINDS	FAIR WEATHER, LIGHT AND VARIABLE TRADE WINDS STRONG WEST TO SOUTHWEST WINDS AND GUSTS.
	HIGHEST TEMPS IN THE 90s (AIRAI)	HIGHEST TEMPS IN THE 90s (AIRAI)	HIGHEST TEMPS IN THE 90s (AIRAI)	HIGHEST TEMPS IN THE 90s (AIRAI)	HIGHEST TEMPS IN THE 90s (AIRAI)
DECREASE IN RAINFALL FIRST HALF OF MONTH, ABOVE MEDIAN BY END OF THE MONTH HAZE	DECREASE IN RAINFALL FIRST HALF OF MONTH	INCREASE IN RAINFALL	HIGHEST RAINFALL MONTH LANDSLIDE BETWEEN AIMELIIK AND NGATPANG	DECLINE IN RAINFALL	SEVERAL DAYS OF SHOWERS, LOCALLY HEAVY RAINFALL, AND THUNDERSTORMS DAMAGE TO POWERLINE AND HARDWARE NGERMID AND AIMELLIIK LAND SLIDE IN NGERMLENGUI
ACTIVE ITCZ TROUGHS CIRCULATIONS	ACTIVE ITCZ TROUGHS CIRCULATIONS CONVERGENT FLOW BEHIND TC 01W	ACTIVE ITCZ TROUGHS (SFC & UA) INVESTS CIRCULATIONS UPPER LEVEL LOW	MONSOON TROUGHS (SFC & UA) INVEST AREAS TC 05W	WEAK MONSOON MONSOON TROUGH SHIFTING NORTH LEADING TO RIDGING ACROSS PALAU	STRONG MONSOON SURGE MONSOON TROUGHS INVEST AREAS TC 14W and TC 15W

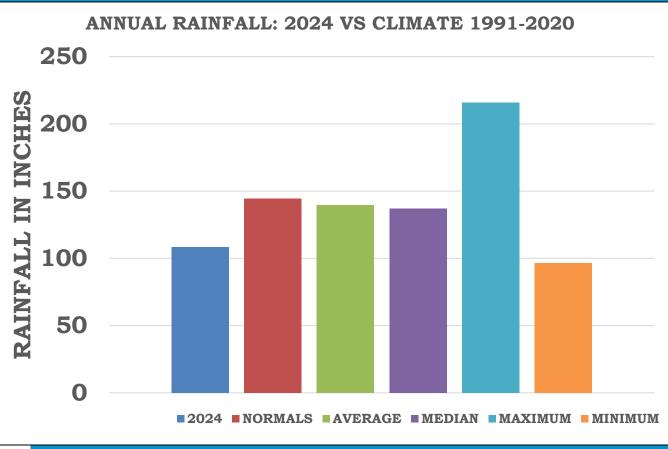
OCTOBER: CONTINUED RIDGING AND DRIER DAYS AS MONSOON TROUGH LOCATION IS FURTHER NORTH

Timeline of Climate Impacts and Influences

Source: Regional and Local Observations







JAN TO SEP 2024 OBSERVATIONS

2024

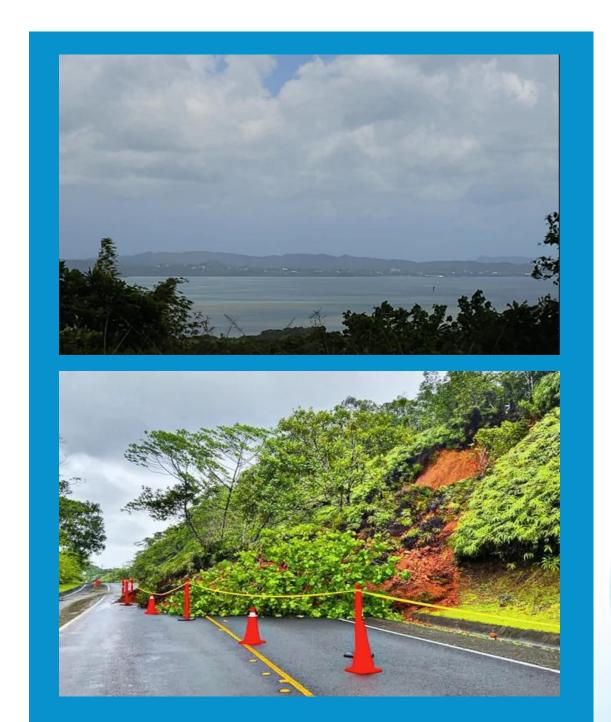
Koror 2024 Monthly Rainfall versus Climatology 1991-2020

Source: Normals and Database for Koror (PTKR) from xmACIS2: https://xmacis.rcc-acis.org/



HAZE, LANDSLIDES, AND DOWNED POWER LINES

Source: Individual and various agencies in Palau



Top image: Haze seen over Koror, view from Aimeliik on April 6, 2024. Credits: K. Mochimaru. Bottom image: Landslide between Aimeliik and Ngatpang covering the compact road July 17, 2024. Credits: Island Times

- Variability in Monthly Rainfall
- Weak, Hot and Dry Trade Winds
- Haze
- Monsoon damaging Winds,
 Gusts and Heavy Rainfall.



Fallen tree damaging power lines and hardware in Ngermid and Aimeliik on Sep. 11, 2024. Credits: PPUC Significant landslide at Ngarmeskang, Ngeremlengui on Sep. 12, 2024. Credits: Ngeremlengui State



Republic of Palau Summary

Climate Drivers

- 2023-2024 ENSO: El Nino to ENSO Neutral
- April to June, Active ITCZ: Trade wind troughs, Near Equatorial Troughs with embedded circulations/Invest Areas/Tropical Cyclones. Generally weak trade winds across Palau.
- May to October: weaker trade winds and high temperatures in the 90s
- June and July: Added influence of the Tropical Upper Tropospheric Trough (TUTT) and Upper Level Low
- July to August: Weak to Strong influence from the Monsoon
- August to October: More Ridging due to Monsoon Trough location further north of Palau.

Climate Impacts

- Haze in April
- ROP Water Shortage Watch still in effect since March 26, 2024 and canceled on May 14, 2024.
- Variability in Rainfall Trend from April to October. April and May was similar to previous months where there was lack of rainfall for the first half of the month and a few days of significant rainfall increased monthly totals to Above or just Below the Median. July had the Highest Rainfall Total of 21.46in.(545.1mm). May was the Lowest Rainfall Total at 8.01in.(203.5mm).
- Monsoon winds, gusts and heavy rainfall damaged power lines and caused landslides.

























CHUUK CLIMATE IMPACTS

Boyd Mackenzie Staff Meteorologist Chuuk National Weather Service Office















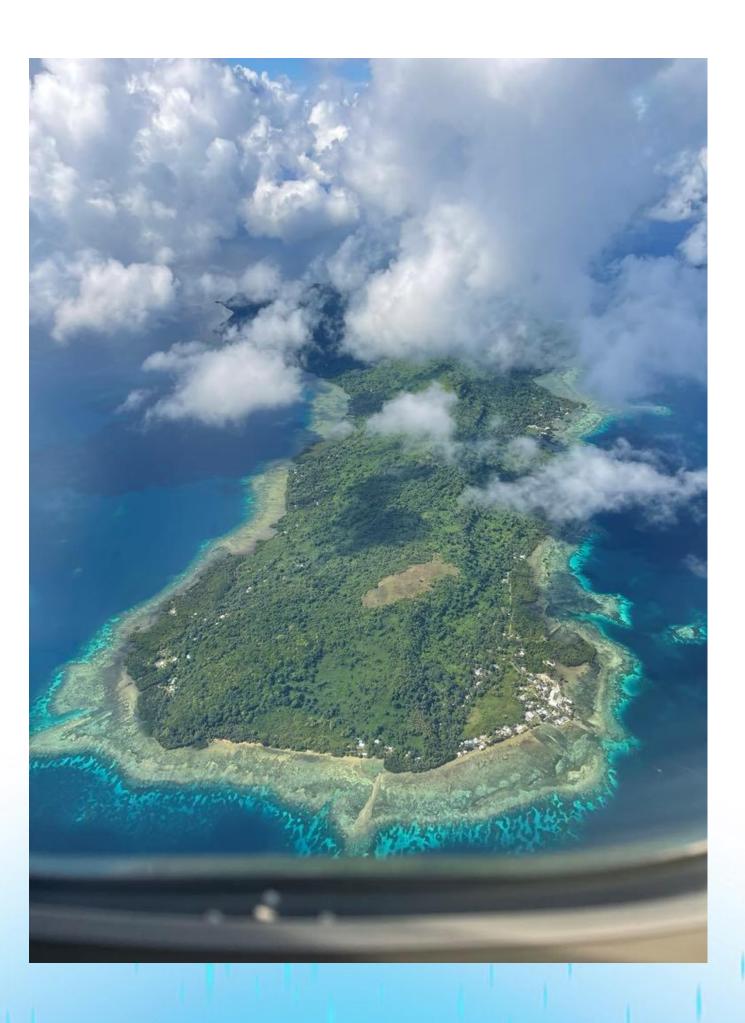








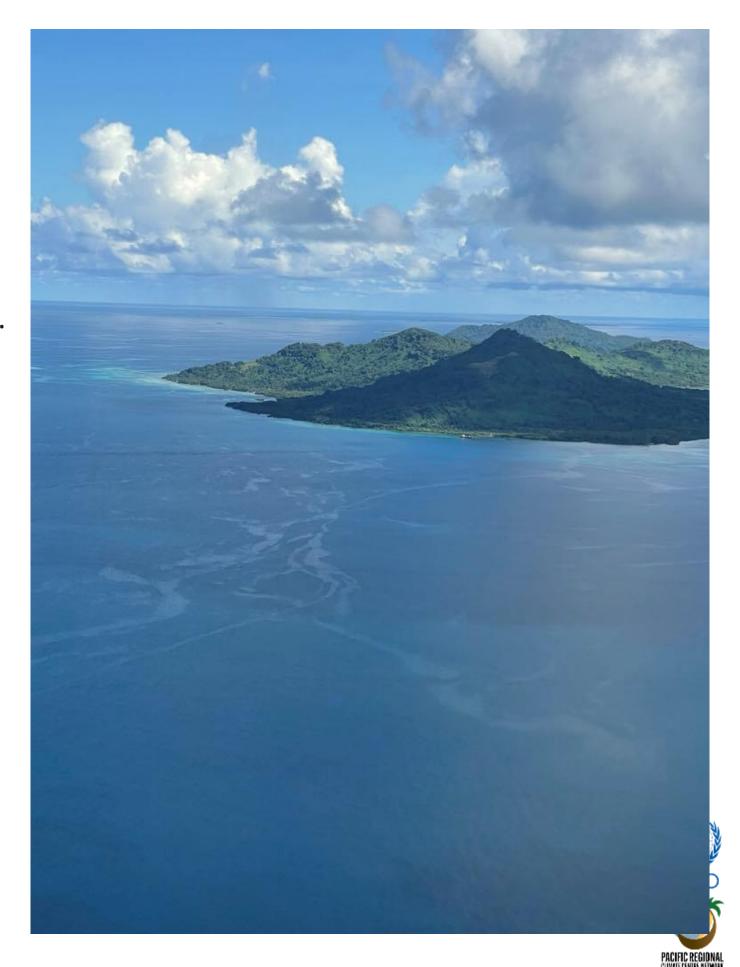




Chuuk Island

Source: ???

- During April, rainfall
 returned, and conditions
 were near-normal
 throughout the AMJ season.
 Over the past five months,
 there has been above 8
 inches of rainfall each
 month, sufficient to meet
 most water needs.
- Experienced some windier conditions with passing tropical systems.
- Vegetation has significantly recovered.



Chuuk Summary

- No Significant impacts to report
- Rainfall returned to near normal conditions during the AMJ season
- Vegetation recovered significantly
- Some windy conditions experienced with passing tropical systems

























KIRIBATI CLIMATE IMPACTS

Miriam Kataunati Oceanographer Kiribati Meteorological Service



























During the ENSO Neutral phase, the extreme spring tide occurred causing coastal erosion at some areas in Betio, Tarawa.

Source: Tenanoraoi Tonana, 18th September 2024





The ENSO Neutral phase cause insufficient fresh water supplies which coincides with the dry season months in Kiribati.

Source: Tenanoraoi Tonana, 10th October 2024





The impacts of the ENSO Neutral phase in Kiritimati caused the fire to spread out into the bush.

Source: Social Media, FB 15/09/2024



Kiribati Summary

- For the past six-months, El Nino to ENSO Neutral phase associated with Dry Season affects people's livelihood.
- Even though, La Nina has not yet established, the impacts have been experienced recently including insufficient fresh water supplies and bush-fire in Kiritimati island (Line group).

























RMI CLIMATE IMPACT FOR THE PAST SIX MONTHS

Samson Kaneko Climate Service Focal Point National Weather Service Office, Majuro RMI























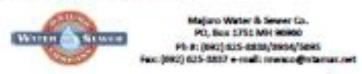




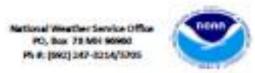


Emerging from El Nino

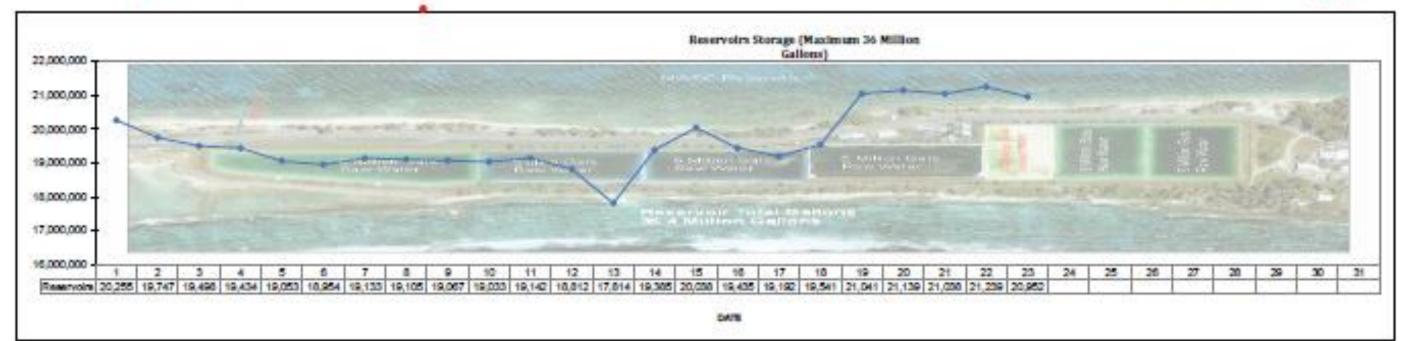
Month and Year: April 23, 2024



Majuro Rainfall and Reservoirs Levels



- El Nino weaken gradually.
- Most of the central and southern atolls, including the capital Majuro, recovered swiftly.
- Majuro started to get sufficient and beneficial rainfall in the 2nd week of April.



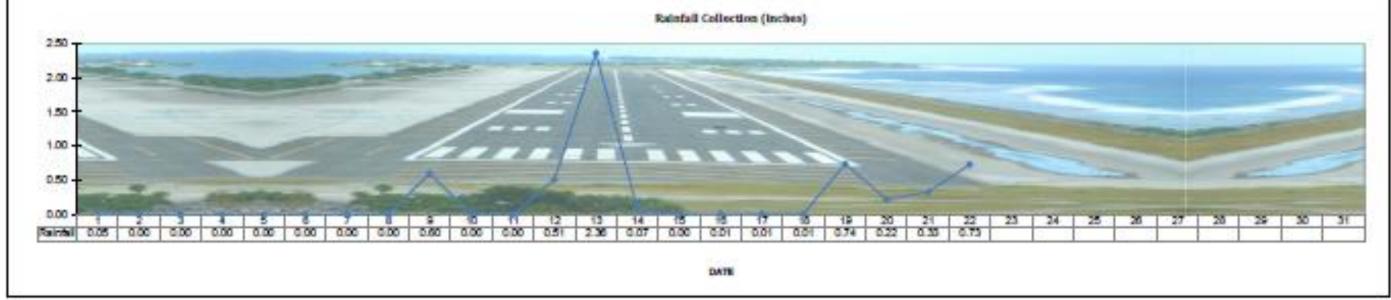


Figure: 1 Reservoir Level

A sudden increase in the reservoir level

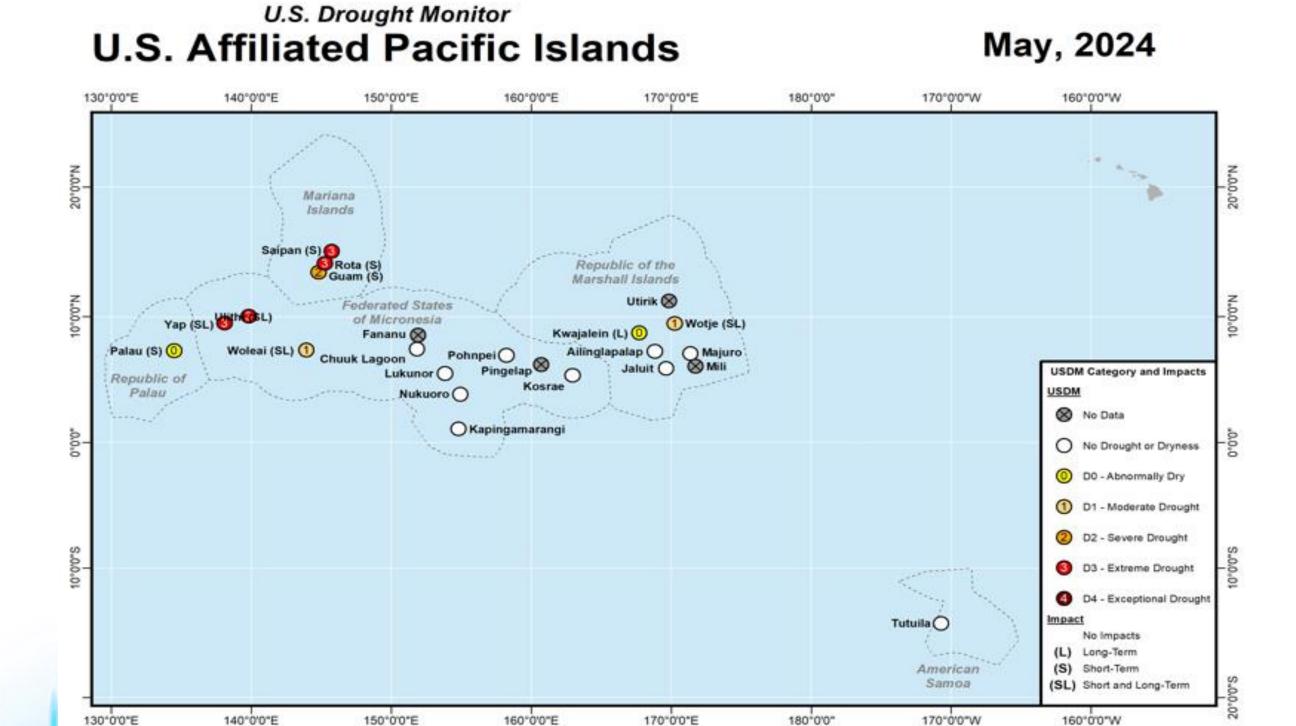


Drought persist in the northern RMI

 Recovery delayed for the northern atolls as dry condition continue. It took Kwajalein up to mid May, and late June for the neighboring atolls in the north to recovered from the El Nino.

Affected Atolls

- D0 (Abnormally Dry)- Kwajalein
- D1 (Moderate Drought)- Wotje and atolls in the northern RMI.



Author:

Richard Heim NCEI/NOAA

Figure: 2 US Drought Monitor



Relief Efforts by the GRMI/NDMO

- As the dry condition persist in the northern RMI, the government along with the National Disaster Management Office continue to provide relief supports for the affected atolls.
- Reverse Osmosis units deployed to affected atolls.
- Water quality testing kits also sent out to the affected atolls.



Figure: 3 RO Unit Installment Enewetak Atoll



Figure: 4 Water Testing Enewetak



Figure: 5 Utirik Atoll



Figure: 5 Utirik Atoll Airstrip



Republic of the Marshall Islands Summary

The southern RMI recovered quickly, while the Northern RMI continues to experienced dry conditions as the El Nino was subsiding. The impacted atolls survived the event due to the extensive relief activities undertaken by the National Disaster Management Office and the RMI Government. Since the rainfall pattern returned to normal, the entire RMI is drought Free.

























NAURU CLIMATE IMPACTS FOR THE PAST 6 MONTHS

Ricky Joram

Senior Forecaster Nauru Meteorology & Hydrology Services

National Emergency Services

























		2024 Nauru Met & Hydro Service / Monthly Report						
Threshold	Heavy Rain	Strong wind	Climate outlook	Sea Swell	Extreme Wave Hieght	Tsunami	Rainfall	Temperature
January	25-50mm	NIL	Above Normal (JFM)	3 Meter	3 Meter	NIL	240mm	High - 32.8°
	14/01/24		El nino, stage	20th-23rd	20th-23rd /01/2024			Low - 24°
	15//01/24			Jan-24	Jan-24			
February	NIL	NIL	Above Normal (FMA)	NIL	NIL	NIL	355.8mm	High - 32.7°
			El nino, alert					Low -23.7°
March	NIL	GUST 25KT	Above Nomal (MAM	2.5-3.5m	2.5-3.5m	NIL	318.8mm	High - 31.6°
		3/10/2024	El-nino watch	3/10/2024	3/10/2024			Low - 25.2°
April	NIL	GUST 22KT	Normal Normal (AMJ)	NIL	NIL	NIL	94mm	High - 32.0°
		NA	Neutral Phase					Low - 24.0°
May	NIL	NIL	Normal Normal (MJJ)	NIL	NIL	NIL	121.7mm	High - 33.1°
			La-nina watch					Low - 25.4°
June	NIL	NIL	Below Normal (JJA)	NIL	NIL	NIL	6.9mm	High - 33.3°
			La-nina watch					Low -25.3°
July	NIL	NIL	Below Normal (JAS)	NIL	NIL	NIL	168.2mm	High - 33°
			La-nina watch					Low - 24.2°
August	71mm/2nd	NIL	Below Normal (ASO)	NIL	NIL	NIL	148.8mm	High - 32.5°
	55.5mm/12th		La-nina Watch					Low - 25.5°
September	NIL	25-27KT GUST	Below Normal (SON)	NIL	NIL	NIL	68mm	High - 32.5°
		30-3/8-9/2024	La-nina Watch					Low - 25.1°
October			Below Normal (OND)					
			La nina Watch					

NMHS Monthly Report Sheet

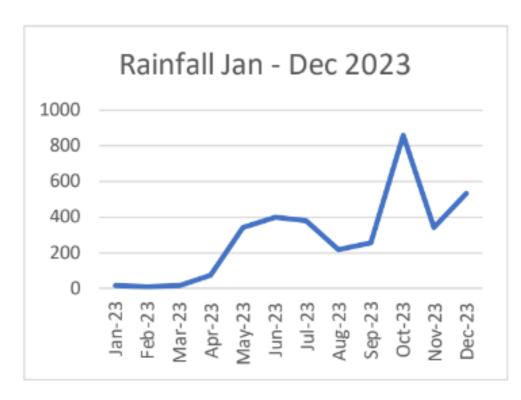


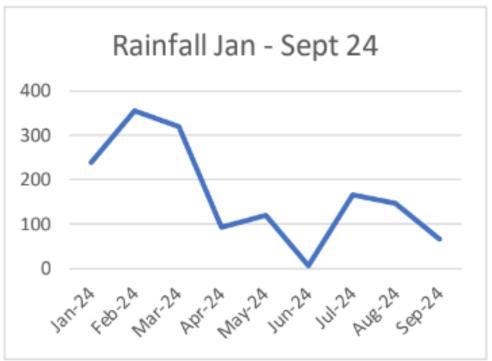
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National Meteorology & Hydrology Services Graph Report



Rainfall 2023 vs 2024







Nauru Summary

Climate Drivers & impacts

- ENSO 2023 2024: El-Nino Neutral (La-Nina Watch)
- Atmospheric and oceanic indicators are currently within ENSO-neutral thresholds.
- The chance of La-Nina developing in the coming seasons has increased.
- NUC reports increasing water demands
- Dry air in the atmosphere
- Awareness & Preparedness (NDMO)
- Nauru experiencing below normal rainfall.

























POHNPEI RAINFALL IMPACTS

Wallace Jacob

WSS/Climate focal point

Pohnpei National Weather Service Office

























Rainfall impacts during the 6 months



Kepiroi Waterfall around April May June

- April to July, Pohnpei's rainfall was fairly above normal
- During the transition from El Nino to ENSO Neutral, in August rainfall was recorded as the 3rd driest on record.
- Rainfall was near normal in September, with rain gradually coming back.
 Pohnpei received a fair amount of rain from the tropical system that formed near Chuuk.



Kepiroi Waterfall in August



Pohnpei Summary

For the past 6 months, Pohnpei's rainfall was above normal. However, Pohnpei and the outer islands of Nukuoro and Kapingamarangi received below-normal rainfall in August. Pohnpei (a 74-year record) and Kapinga (a 34-year record) recorded their third driest while Nukuoro (a 41-year record) recorded their fifth driest. Rainfall will gradually go back to normal for Pohnpei once we transition into the neutral phase. At the same time, the southern outer island will be a concern since they experience dry conditions during a La Nina.

Micronesia Summary

Climate impacts over the past 6 months affected water and agricultural sectors in addition to air quality and coastal erosion.



























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